

EAST SIDE COASTAL RESILIENCY: INTEGRATING BROWNFIELD REMEDIATION & CLIMATE-ADAPTIVE INFRASTRUCTURE

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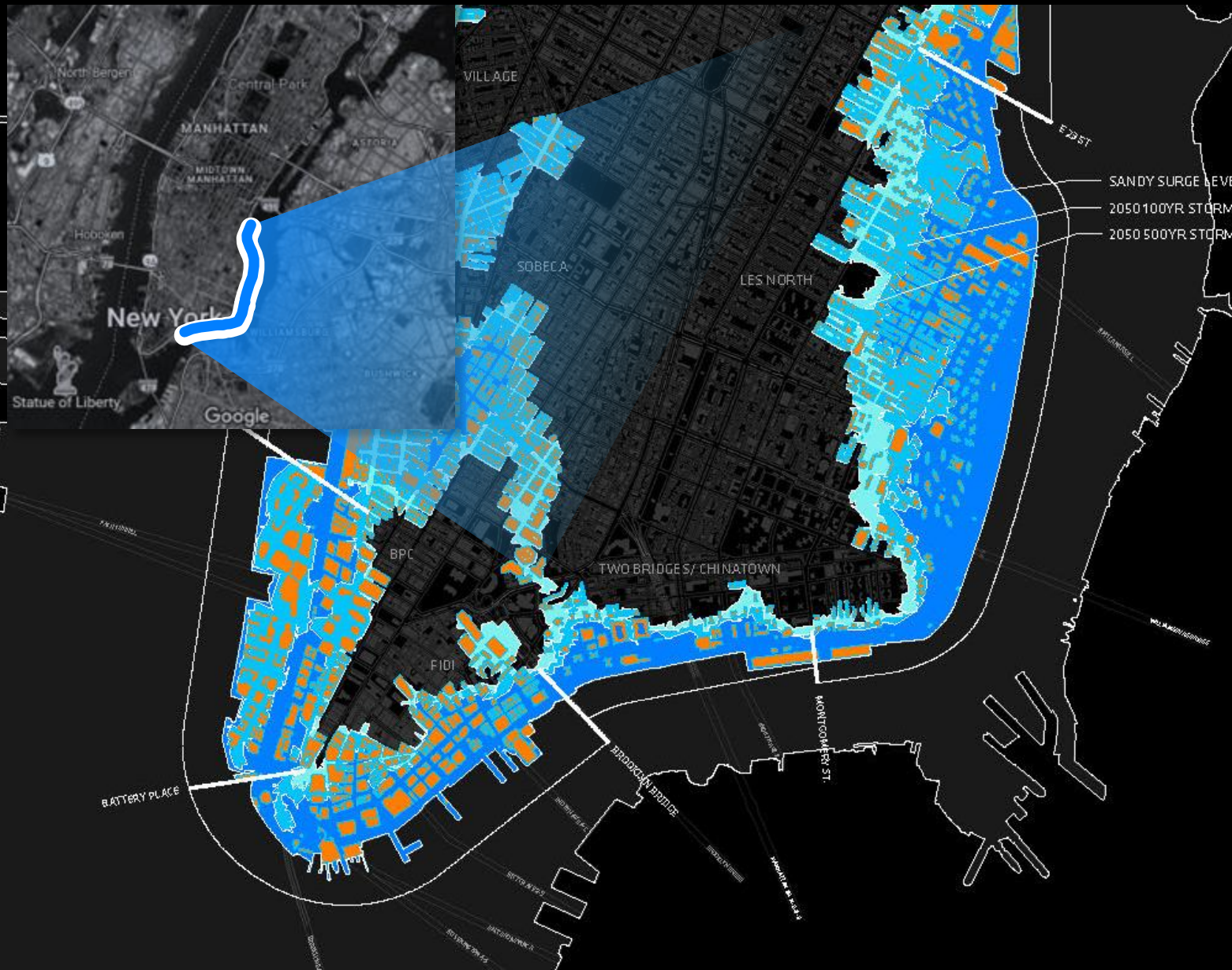


JOINT VENTURE



The AKRF-KSE JV

Superstorm Sandy by the Numbers



In Manhattan:

- **80 mph** winds
- **13.7-foot height** of record tidal surge
- **375,000 New Yorkers** ordered to evacuate
- **Multiple fatalities**
- **600,000 Households** without power
- **\$10bn-\$20bn estimated cost** of the storm
- **150,000 impacted residents**
- **FEMA approved plan & protection will remove classification as a flood zone**
- **Significant FEMA flood insurance saving** to residents

Superstorm Sandy (2012)

Unprepared for Storm Surge



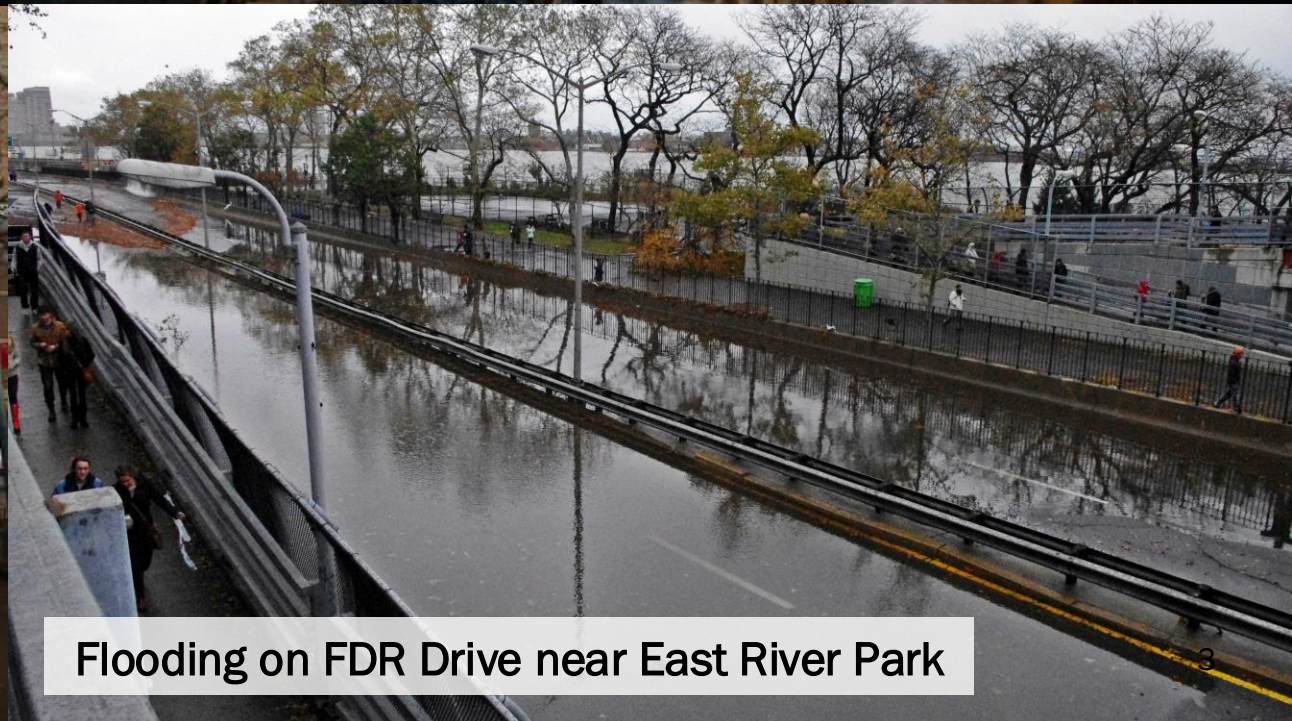
Flooding at Brooklyn-Battery Tunnel entrance



Flooding at Ground Zero



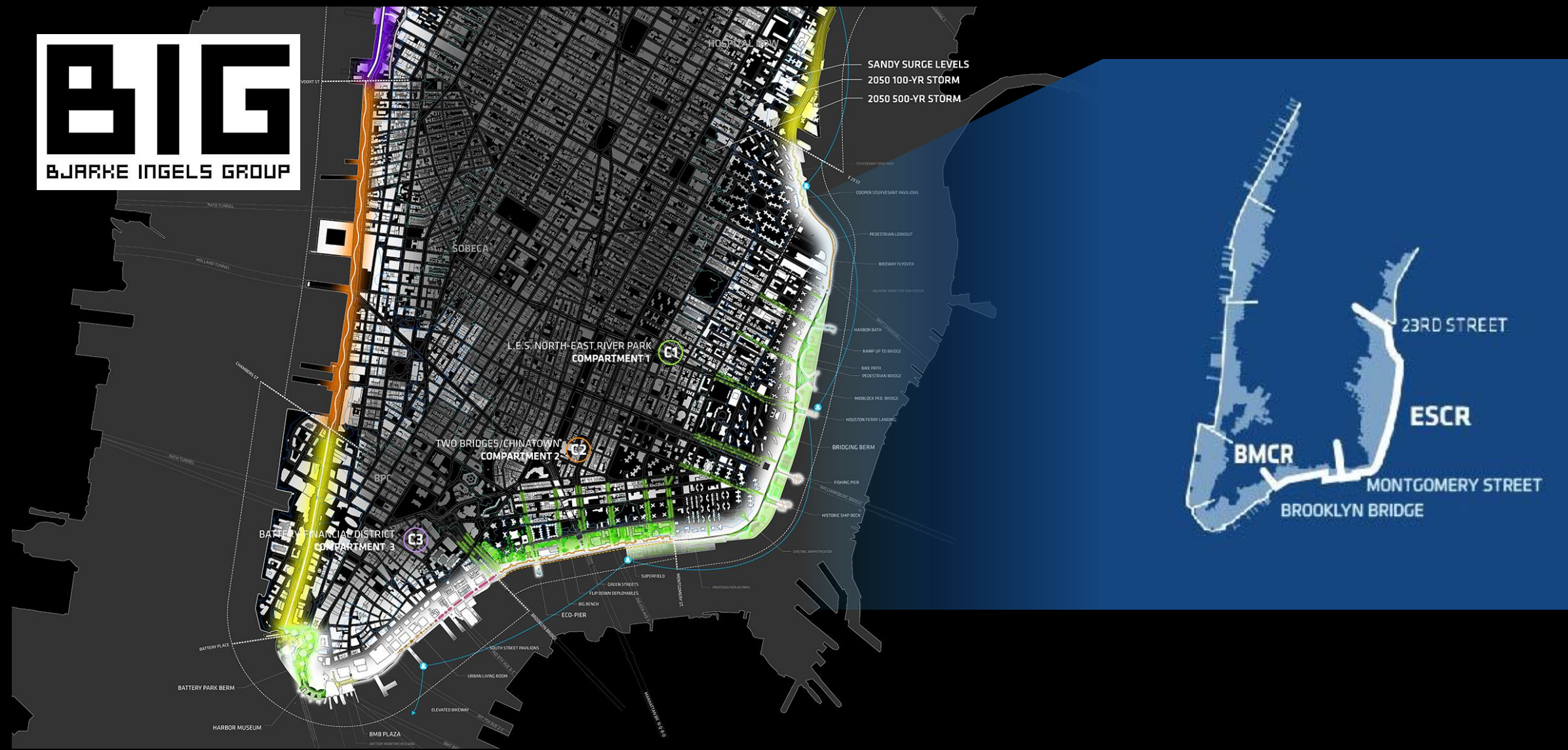
Construction site sinks near South Street Seaport



Flooding on FDR Drive near East River Park

2013-2014 U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

Rebuild by Design Competition



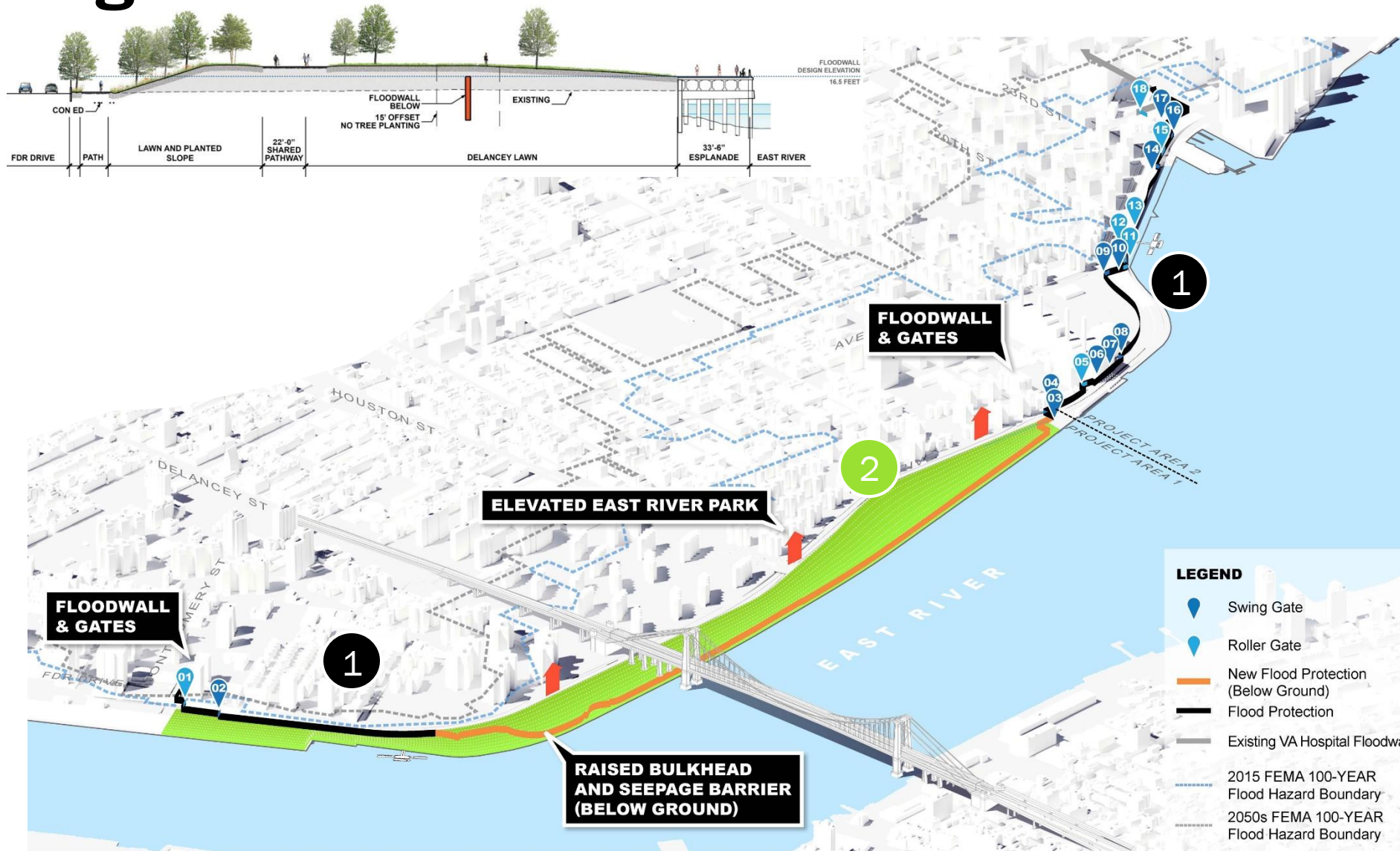
Lower East Side Neighborhood



Demographics:

- **High walkability, dense urban neighborhood known for tenement-style buildings, nightlife, and local restaurants**
- **~150,000 full-time residents**
- **~25% below the federal poverty line**
- **Diverse mix of racial & ethnic identities**
- **28,000 NYCHA residents**
- **Known for historical communities of German, Irish, Jewish, Italian, & Chinese immigrants**

Climate-Adaptive Infrastructure: Integrated Flood Protection

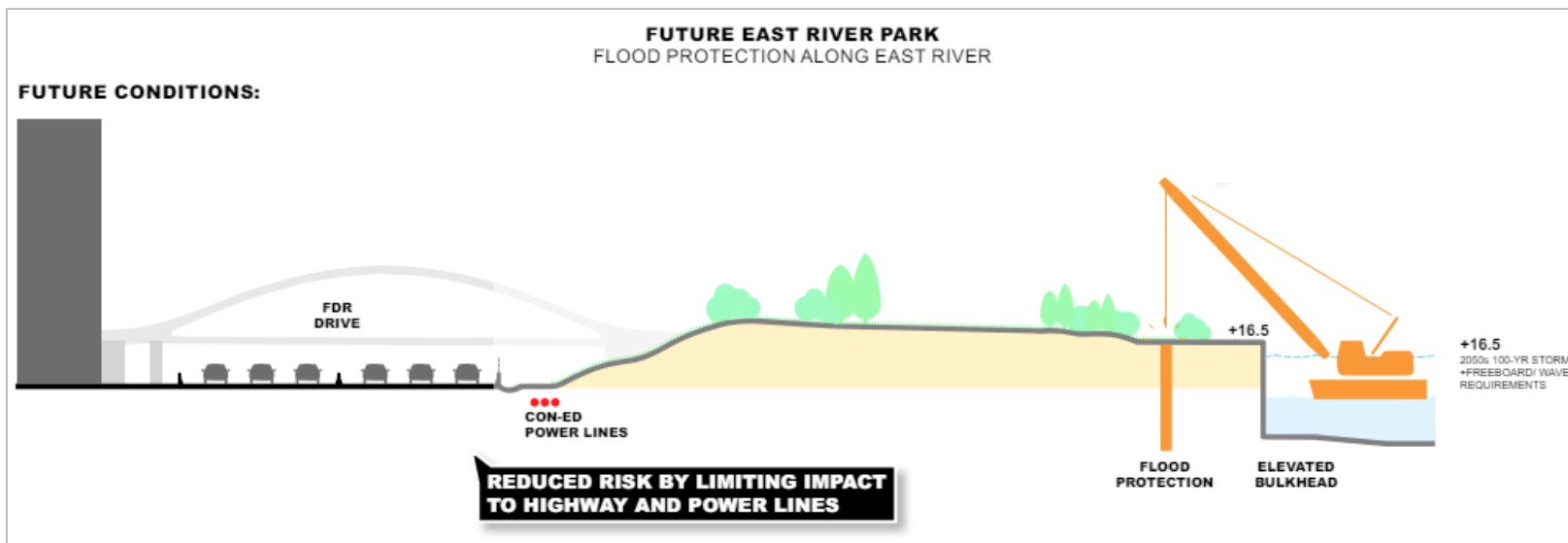
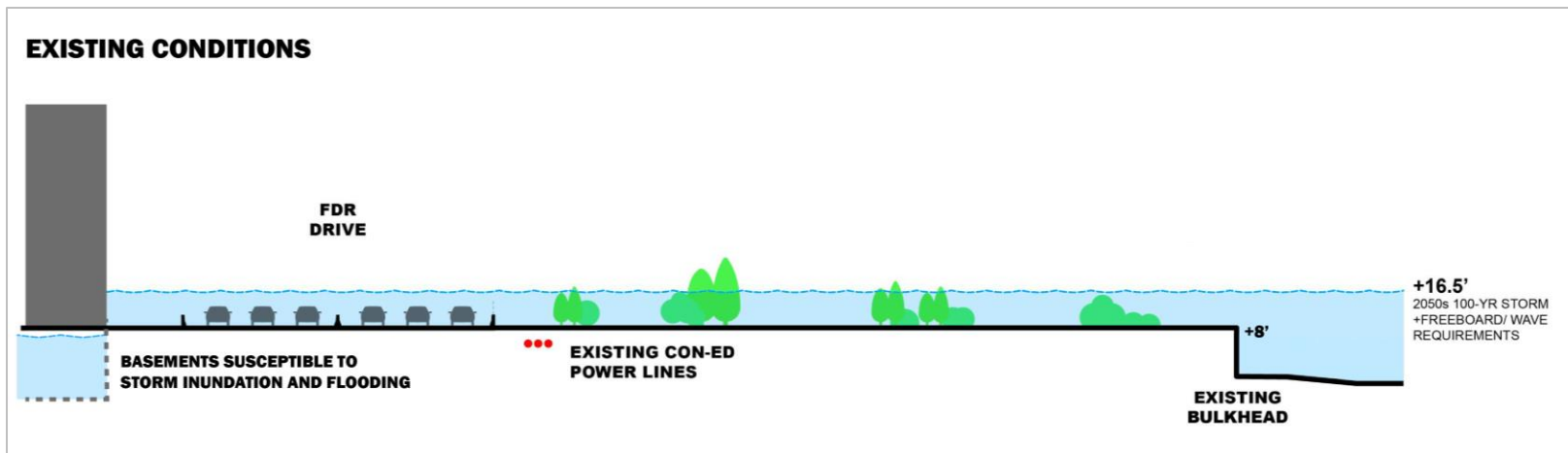


The elements of
 ESCR's INTEGRATED
 flood protection:

- 1 Floodwalls & Floodgates
- 2 Raised Parkland
- 3 Interior drainage improvements (throughout project area)

PA1 | Park Elevation

To minimize walls that impede access and obstruct views from the park, it was decided to elevate the vast majority of the park 8-9 feet



Flood Protection Construction Methods

- Floodwalls
- Floodgates
- Inland Fill/Levee
- Sub-Grade Wall/Seepage Barrier
- Stone Columns
- Rigid Inclusions
- Wick Drains
- Jet Grout
- Sewer Capacity Improvements
- Flood Resilient Park Infrastructure
- Utility Relocation
- Utility Stiffening



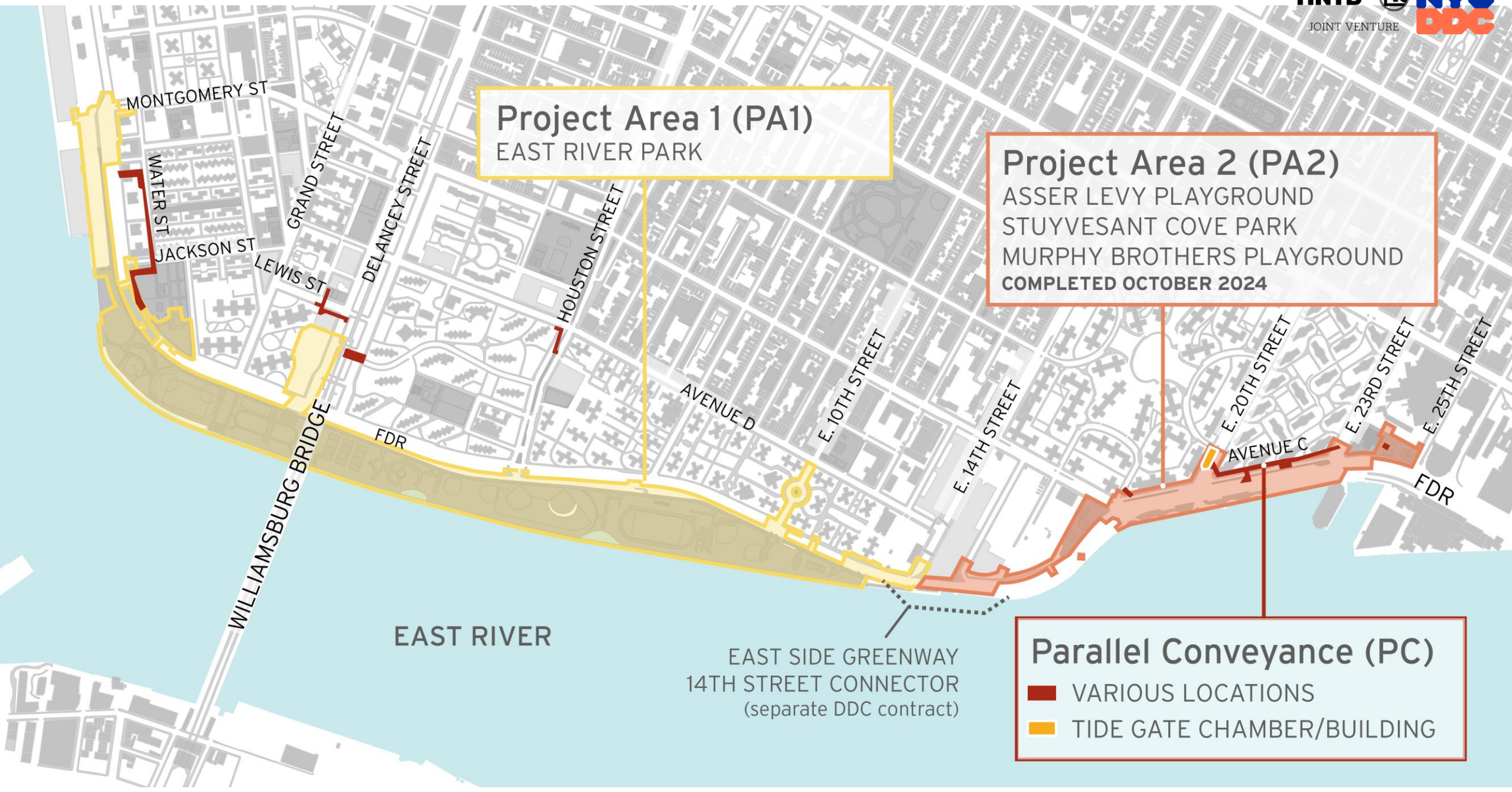
Flood Protection Construction Methods



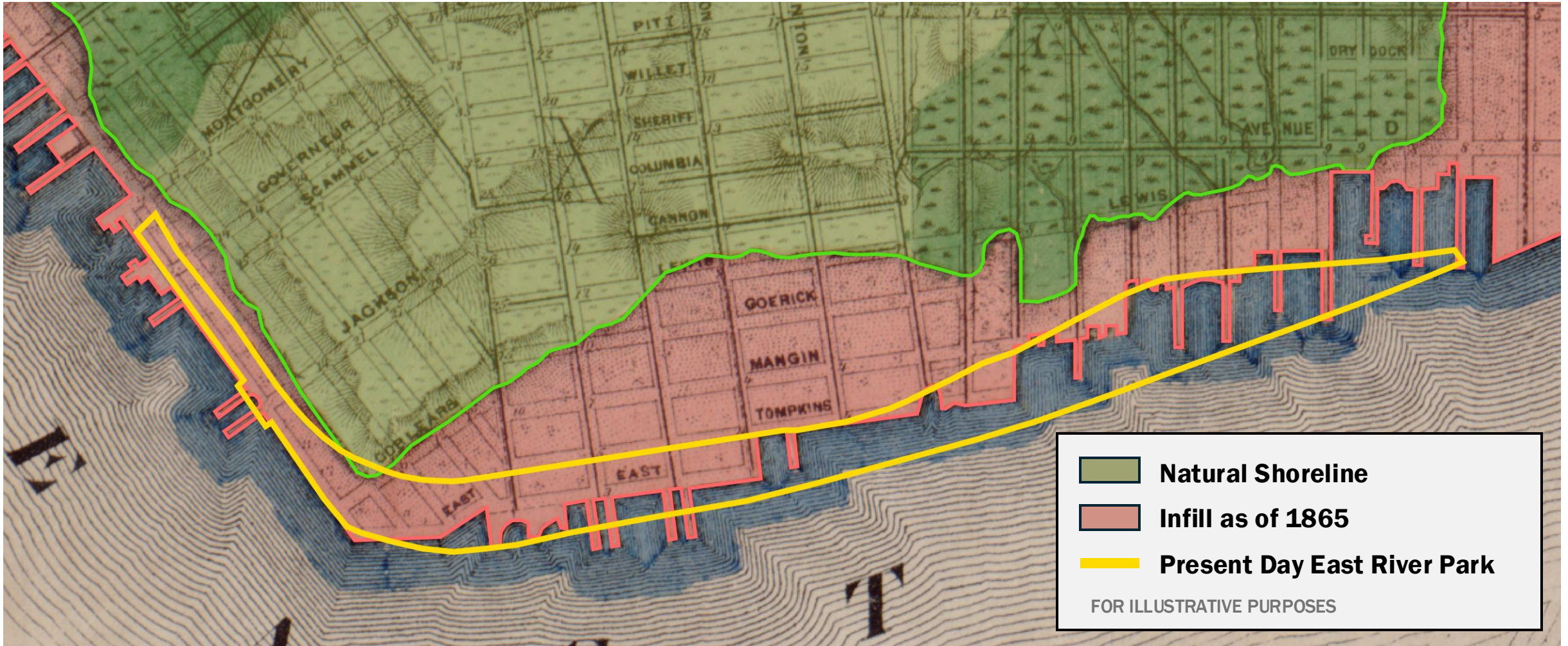
Project Area 1 (PA1)
EAST RIVER PARK

Project Area 2 (PA2)
ASSER LEVY PLAYGROUND
STUYVESANT COVE PARK
MURPHY BROTHERS PLAYGROUND
COMPLETED OCTOBER 2024

Parallel Conveyance (PC)
■ VARIOUS LOCATIONS
■ TIDE GATE CHAMBER/BUILDING



PA1 | Site Context



Base map: Egbert L. Viele's Topographical Atlas of the City of New York (1865)

PA1 | Site Context



Construction of FDR Drive and East River Park infill - 1937

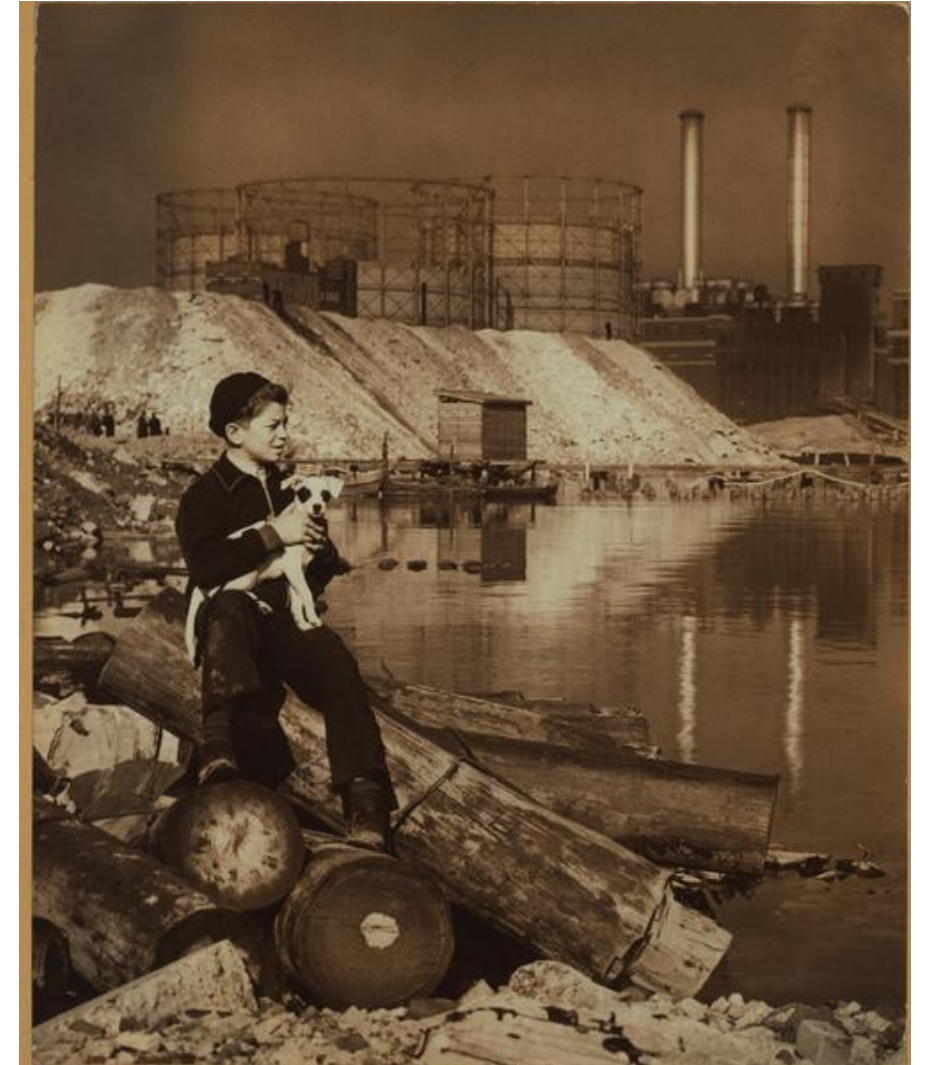


Completed FDR Drive and East River Park - Around 1940

PA1 | Site Context



Community swimming in East River near E. 10th Street – 1933



Construction of East River Drive near E. 4th Street, note manufactured gas holders – 1938

PA1 | Site Context



Piers and buildings on East River shoreline prior to demolition and fill for East River Park – 1937



Bulkheads and pier stumps during demolition for East River Park and East River Drive – 1937



Bulkheads and pier stumps during demolition and fill for East River Park and East River Drive – 1937

Brownfield Management Concerns



Stormwater Management



Waterfront Management



Air Quality



Regulated Building Materials



Urban/Historic Fill



Hazardous Materials



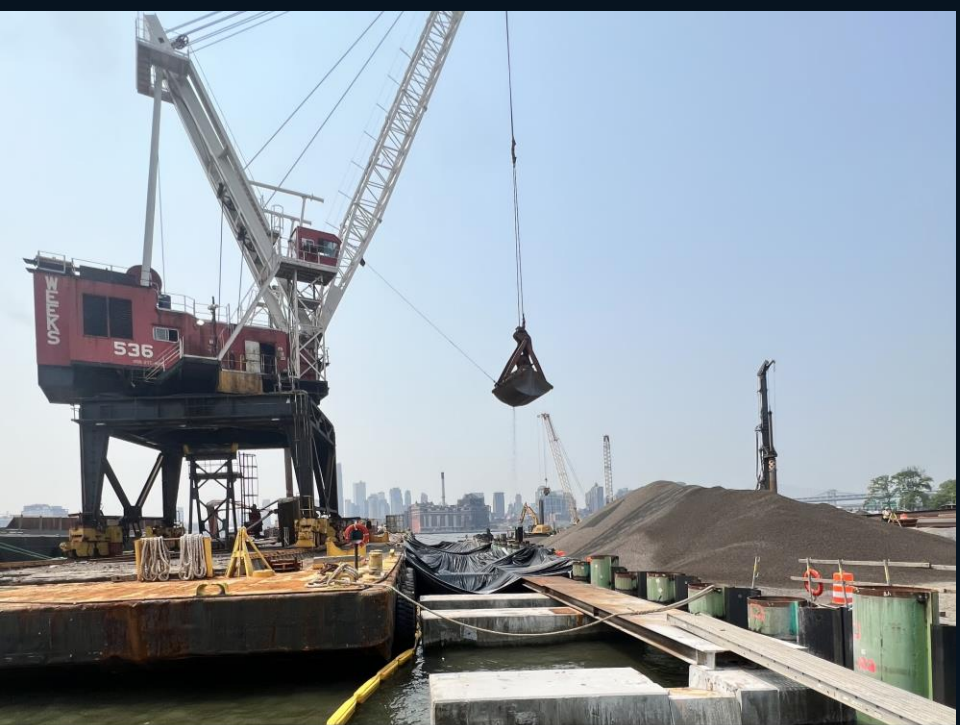
Manufactured Gas Plant Contamination

Stormwater Management



- Permitting:
 - NYCDEP 5-Acre Variance & Construction Permit
- Field Implementation:
 - Daily SWPPP Checklist
 - SWPPP Inspectors full-time on-site
 - Inspections:
 - 2x weekly inspections by contractor's representative
 - Bi-weekly inspections performed by client
 - Periodic inspections by regulatory agencies
- Reporting:
 - Bi-weekly deviation reports submitted to client
 - Monthly construction lookahead provided to NYCDEP

Waterfront Management



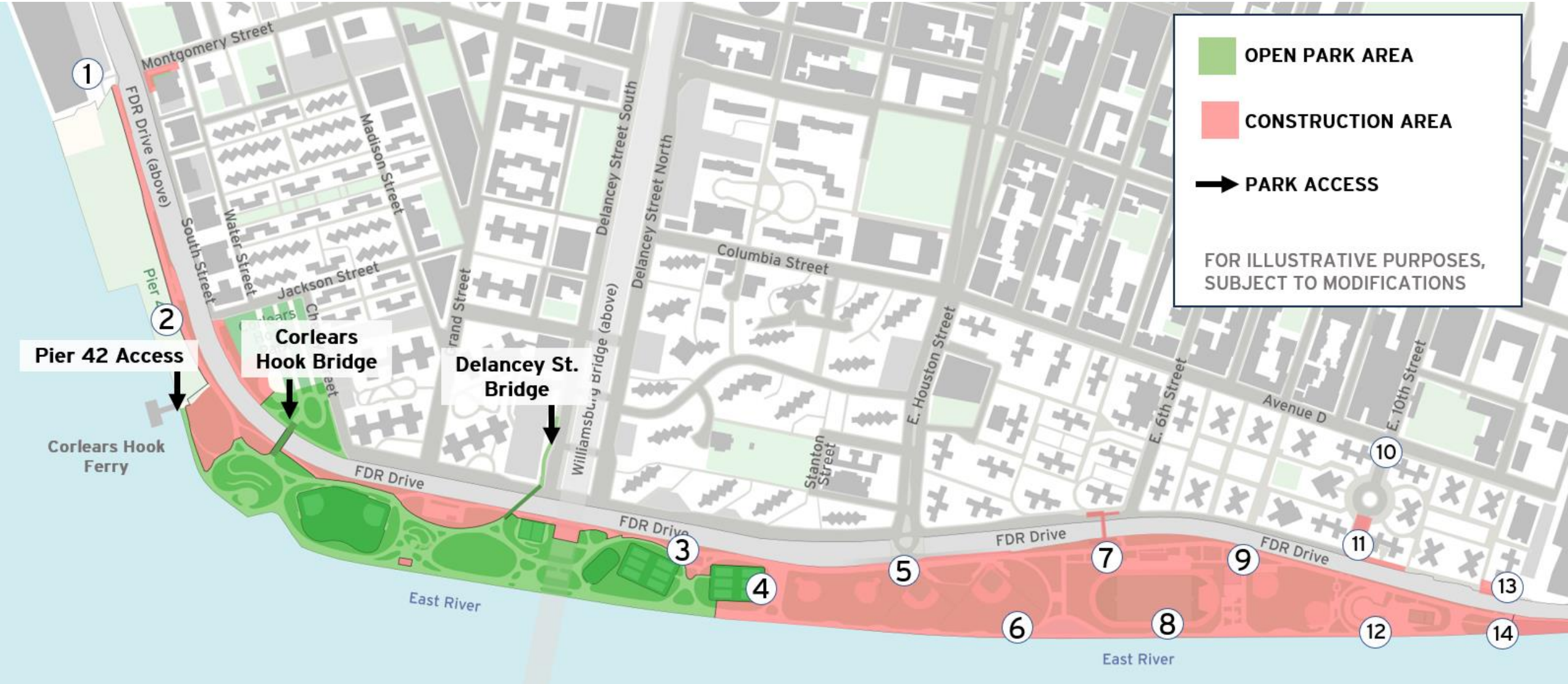
- Permitting:
 - USACE/NYSDEC Permitting
 - Tidal Wetlands/Water Quality Certification/Excavation & Fill in Navigable Waters permits
 - NOAA/USFWS Approvals
- Special Concerns:
 - Moratorium on in-water work from January to May for Winter Flounder spawning
 - East River busy, complex commercial waterway
- Field Implementation:
 - Cofferdams/Embayment excavations
 - Turbidity Curtains

Air Quality



- Air Quality Monitoring Network:
 - Up to 14 stations along work zone perimeter
 - Real-time monitoring of PM2.5 and PM10
 - Stations adjusted based on construction phasing
- Air Quality Concerns:
 - Construction operations/July 4th fireworks/Wildfires
 - Work zone bound to the East by FDR
 - ~150,000 vehicles daily
- Special Considerations:
 - Monitoring of sensitive receptors (NYCHA housing, schools)

Air Quality Monitoring Locations



Regulated Building Materials



- Abated and waste removed from site:
 - Asbestos-Containing Material:
 - Historic buildings
 - Utility wrapping
 - Areas of soil impacted by improper paint removal
 - Lead-Based Paint:
 - Historic buildings
 - Bridges and overpasses
 - Universal Waste:
 - Lightbulbs, thermostats, and light fixture ballast

Urban/Historic Fill and Construction & Demolition Debris



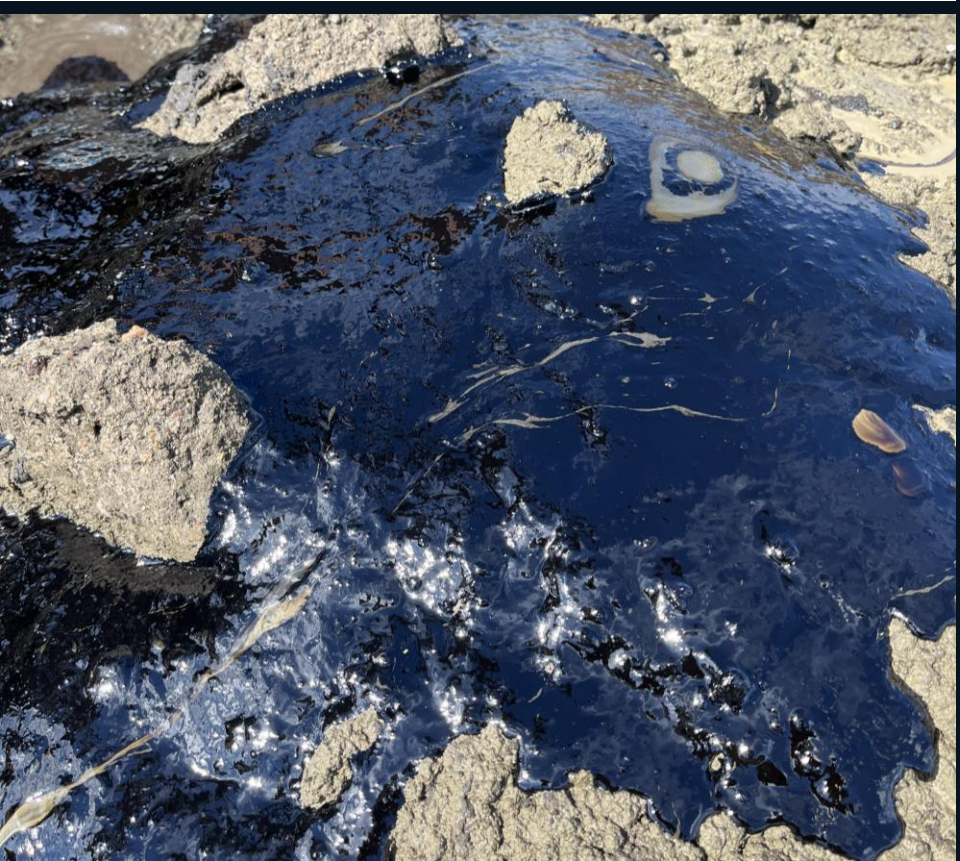
- Progressive in-filling of the East River shoreline
 - Generations of shoreline expansion from 1700s to 1950s
- Contains soil, rock, concrete, metal, bricks, tires, piers, timber
 - Any material available used for land reclamation
- Elevated concentrations of SVOCs and metals
 - Products of incomplete combustion and industrial metals
- Unsuitable for use as backfill for resiliency construction
 - Replaced with acceptable fill materials
- 400,000 tons excavated and sent for off-site disposal to date
 - 12,000 truck and barge loads to 8 facilities throughout NY/NJ/PA

Hazardous Waste

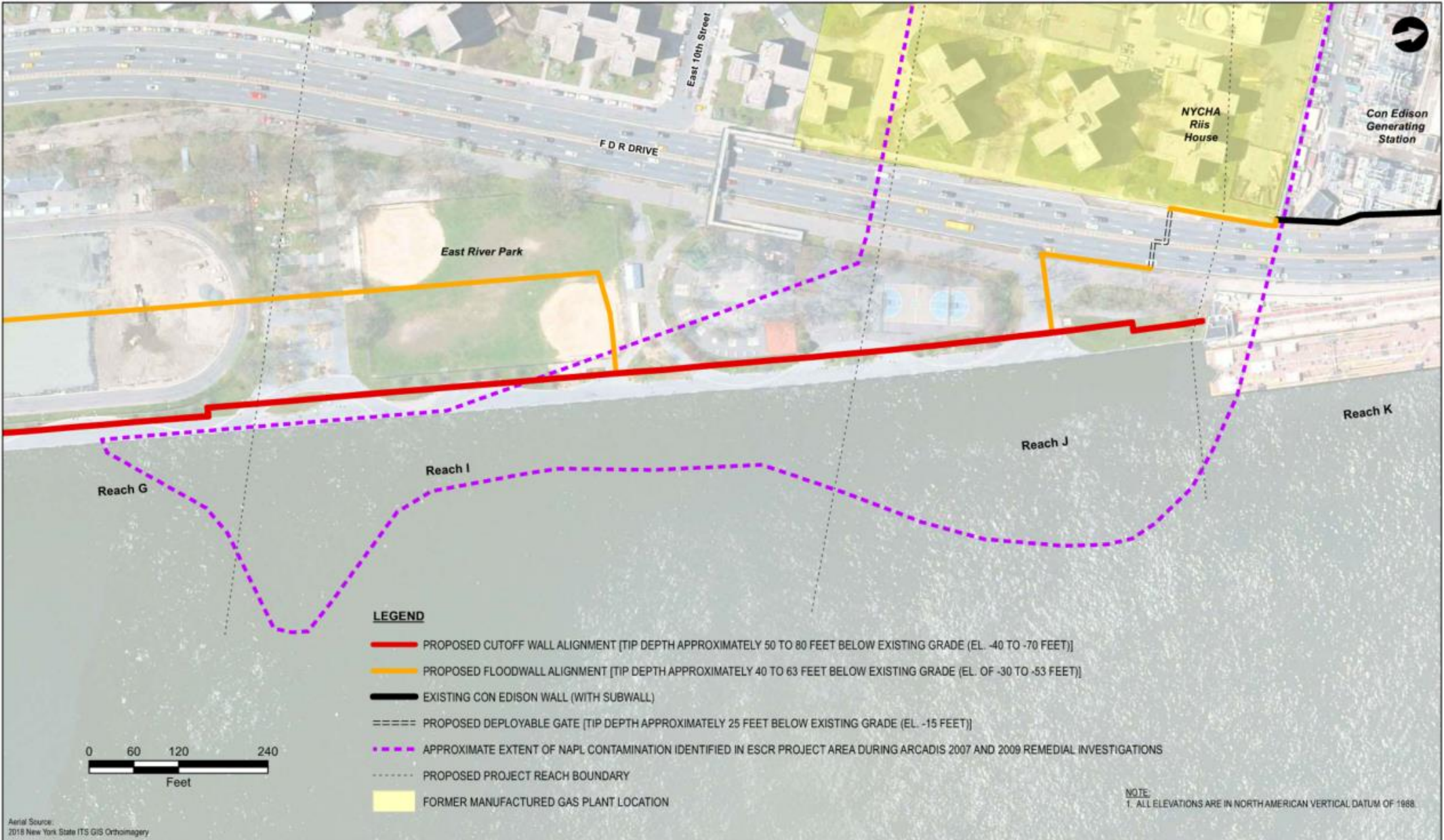


- Generations of industrial waste used as backfill
 - Lead smeltery formerly located within work zone
- Lead hazardous waste above USEPA and NYSDEC thresholds
 - Encountered throughout the work zone
- Unsuitable for use as backfill for resiliency construction
 - Replaced in acceptable fill materials
- Special Procedures:
 - Localized air monitoring and other special handling procedures required during all disturbance and handling activities
- 1,750 tons excavated and sent for off-site disposal to date
 - 72 truck and barge loads to facility in NJ

Manufactured Gas Plant Contamination










- Product of historic energy generation
 - Residual contamination impact work zone and East River sediments
- Contains high concentrations VOCs, SVOCs, and metals
 - DNAPL followed preferential pathways downgradient
 - High volatile; characteristic odor of naphthalene (railroad ties)
- Highly managed by NYSDEC
 - Consent Order between NYS for NYC for mitigation
 - ConEd historic generator; cost recovery agreement for mitigation
- Permanent mitigation include cut-off wall and recovery wells
 - Network of ~20 wells to ~60 ft bgs and ~1,200 ft of cut-off wall
- 3,500 tons excavated and sent for off-site disposal to date
 - 130 truck loads to facility in NJ

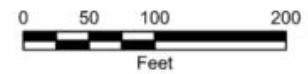




LEGEND

-  FORMER MANUFACTURED GAS PLANT LOCATION
-  PROPOSED CUTOFF WALL ALIGNMENT
-  PROPOSED FLOODWALL ALIGNMENT
-  PROPOSED DEPLOYABLE GATE
-  EXTENTS OF SUB-GRADE WALL TO BE APPLIED WITH SEALANT
-  EXISTING CON EDISON WALL (WITH SUBWALL)
-  APPROXIMATE EXTENT OF NAPL CONTAMINATION IDENTIFIED IN ESCR PROJECT AREA DURING ARCADIS 2007 AND 2009 REMEDIAL INVESTIGATIONS

-  PROPOSED SOIL CONDITIONING (INCLUDES 2-FOOT DIAMETER COLUMNS AT 4-FOOT CENTERS)
-  PROPOSED RIGID INCLUSIONS (INCLUDES 1.5-FOOT DIAMETER AT 4.5-FOOT CENTERS)
-  PROPOSED PREFABRICATED VERTICAL DRAINS (4-FOOT SPACING)
-  PROPOSED DEADMEN (TIP DEPTH APPROXIMATELY 10 FEET BELOW GRADE (EL. 0 FEET))
-  EXISTING CON-ED TRANSMISSION LINES
-  EXISTING SEWER
-  PROPOSED SEWER
-  PROPOSED RECOVERY WELL LOCATION
-  EXISTING SEWER TO BE REMOVED
-  EXISTING SEWER TO BE ABANDONED
-  PROPOSED PROJECT REACH BOUNDARY
-  PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION TIP ELEVATION



NOTES:

1. THE EAST RIVER PARK PROGRAM SHOWN IS THE PROPOSED PARK PROGRAM FOLLOWING PROJECT CONSTRUCTION.
2. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE IN NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM OF 1988.
3. EXISTING GROUND SURFACE IS AN ELEVATION OF APPROXIMATELY 10 FEET.

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION PURPOSES

PREPARED BY



CITY OF NEW YORK
 DEPARTMENT OF DESIGN + CONSTRUCTION
 DIVISION OF INFRASTRUCTURE
 BUREAU OF DESIGN

EAST SIDE COASTAL RESILIENCY
 PROJECT AREA
 NEW YORK, NEW YORK
 Figure 5A AOC 1 Proposed Recovery Well and Sealant Locations
 FILE

AOC 1: Proposed Recovery Well and Sealant Locations
 PROJECT I.D. SANDRESM1 DATE: 12/19/2019 Figure 5A

CONCLUSIONS

- Complex waterfront linear construction designed to create more resilient coastline
- Stakeholders range from NYCHA residents to federal government
- Waterfront work zone containing multitudes of special considerations
- ESCR brownfield concerns included:
 - Stormwater and waterfront management
 - Regulated building materials
 - Historic/urban fill and hazardous materials
 - MGP contamination mitigation
- Schedule impacts minimized with coordination with design and construction teams
- Coastal resiliency and brownfield management not a binary choice



HNTB



NYC
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Questions?



Thank you.